

SWEDEN NO LONGER IS TRANSMITTING GERMAN MESSAGES

Stockholm Government Fully Realizes Seriousness of Situation.

ANXIOUS TO TAKE STEPS THAT WILL CLEAR UP ISSUE

Strong Representations Addressed to Berlin Concerning Abuse of Privileges Extended.

FOREIGN MINISTER TALKS

Wants to Continue Friendly and Cordial Relations With the United States.

STOCKHOLM, September 15.—Sweden realizes the seriousness of the situation created by the recent disclosures at Washington regarding the transmission of German dispatches, and expects to take all steps possible to put matters right. Foreign Minister Lindman told the Associated Press during an informal talk. All transmission of German dispatches had been stopped, he said, and Germany had been asked for an explanation of the abuse of the privilege formerly extended.

In the course of his discussion of the affair with the correspondent, Admiral Lindman brought out the following points:

First—That the Swedish government was not, as alleged in certain quarters, taking the affair lightly; but, on the contrary, realized fully the serious aspect of the situation, and was intending to do everything possible to settle the problem.

Second—That transmission of dispatches on behalf of Germany had been stopped absolutely from the moment when the disclosures were brought to the Foreign Minister's attention, and would, under no circumstances, be resumed.

HAD NO IDEA OF NATURE OF GERMAN DISPATCHES

Third—That had the Swedish government had the slightest idea of the nature of the dispatches which the German government was transmitting, the messages would never have been transmitted.

Fourth—That strong representations had been addressed to the German government on the abuse made of this practice, accompanied by a request for explanation, to which, however, no reply had yet been received.

Admiral Lindman, during the entire conversation, seemed imbued with the desire to see the situation cleared up fully and completely on a basis satisfactory to the United States and Sweden, and in a way to permit the continuance of the most friendly, cordial relations with the American government and people.

"To begin with," said the Foreign Minister, in the course of the conversation, which was held in the minister's private cabinet in the Foreign Office, "I want to emphasize the fact that we are not taking this matter easily. We deplore most sincerely that a practice which was exercised in absolutely good faith has been gravely abused, and we are determined that the condition which led to this result shall be remedied."

"As soon as I was informed of Secretary Lansing's statement, I immediately gave orders to cease this practice."

BRITISH NOT SATISFIED WITH EXPLANATIONS

LONDON, September 15.—Count A. Wrangel, the Swedish minister to Great Britain, and the Countess Wrangel left London to-day for the Continent on a few weeks' leave of absence. Count Wrangel yesterday had a long conference with Lord Robert Cecil, the British Under-Secretary for Foreign Affairs, presumably on the subject of the Swedish-Argentinian disclosures. W. F. Bostrom, counselor of the Swedish legation here, will take charge during Count Wrangel's absence.

At the Swedish legation it was said to-day that Count Wrangel's departure had nothing to do with the Washington revelations. The minister, with his wife, who is a French woman, it was added, usually spends a few weeks in France every year. They probably will be away until the end of October.

Count Wrangel's departure from London, while not in the nature of a dismissal, is generally taken as an indication that the British government is dissatisfied with the explanations thus far made, and the steps thus far taken by Sweden in reply to the Luxburg representations regarding the submarine matter.

PRACTICE SOMETHING MORE THAN INDIVIDUAL ACTION

The dissatisfaction was indicated in the Associated Press interview obtained yesterday with Lord Robert Cecil, parliamentary Under-Secretary of Foreign Affairs and Minister of Blockade, who is acting in behalf of Foreign Secretary Balfour in the latter's absence. A statement made to the Associated Press to-day through a reliable source says:

The additional revelations made in the United States yesterday afford further proof that the practices brought to light are something more than individual action, and are an organized practice affecting very largely official diplomacy in all neutral countries.

"The removal of a single subsidiary official from the Swedish Foreign Office," (Continued on Second Page.)

BALTIMORE BY BOAT.
Most Delightful Water Trip in America.
To Richmond 6:15 P. M.; arrive Balt. 9:30 A. M. Return 8:00 P. M. only one way. YORK RIVER LINE luxurious steamers.—Adv.

Submarine Reported in Western Atlantic by Incoming Vessels

S O S Calls Were Heard From Ship Sixty Miles East of Nantucket

(By Associated Press.)
AN ATLANTIC PORT, September 15.—Evidence that an enemy submarine has begun depredations in American waters was brought here to-day by two steamships, which yesterday morning picked up wireless "S O S" calls indicating that a ship was being shelled by a U-boat in the vicinity of Nantucket Lightship.

One ship receiving the distress calls was a British freighter, and the other an American tanker. Both reported the scene of the attack as about sixty miles east of Nantucket, and the time about 8 o'clock yesterday morning. The identity of the submarine's victim was not learned by either vessel, as far as is publicly known.

According to the commander of the British vessel, the messages received by wireless operator from the ship said she was being shelled, and reported her position, but only a part of her name could be heard—the word "Abby," which is the last name of several ships in Atlantic trade.

ENLARGEMENT OF CAMP PROBABLE, SAY RUMORS

Cantonment Near Petersburg May Become Permanent Army Training Ground Is Report.

MILLION IN IMPROVEMENTS

Installation of Rifle Range and Possible Drilling of Wells Will Cost Huge Sum—Men Receive Military Lectures During Rainy Weather.

(From a Staff Correspondent.)
CAMP LEE, VA., September 15.—Two days of heavy rain has about completely stopped all military activities at Camp Lee. The ground about the company barracks, which is used by the men as drill fields, is ankle deep in mud, making it impossible for outdoor instruction of any kind. To-day, therefore, the camp has been practically deserted since the rain set in early Friday morning. The cantonment is usually the scene of constant bustle, with a stream of big army wagons lumbering along the roads, and countless automobiles making their way through the camp conveying visitors, officers and men. Most of the roads are made of dirt, and as well as the mud, the rain has caused this to form in solid sheets of mud, through which it is difficult to navigate. Numerous trucks and machines were stuck deep in the mire during the day.

While outdoor instruction cannot be held for the men, the officers are not losing any time, and to-day, as well as yesterday, lectured to the men on military science. In all of the company barracks these meetings were called, and for several hours the officers explained the drills to the men, giving them pointers in how to excel in the various maneuvers and other helpful advice.

It is surprising, the officers declare, at the progress made by the men in the few days they have been under instruction. They last Monday morning when they first took the field and began their military career. When the last drill was held Thursday afternoon many of them looked to be soldiers who had been under instruction for several weeks. High officers were generous in their commendation of the ease with which the majority of the men are picking up the military drill, and when a whole company in formation, going through their prescribed drills, they make a very fine showing.

NATIONAL ARMY MEN ARE EXCELLENT BODY OF TROOPS

This is due to the fact that the troops forming the National Army are, on the whole, an excellent body of men as it is possible to get together in the enlisted ranks. Many of them, not to say the majority, are of good intellect, education and character. They are from the solid body of American citizenship. In addition, they are going about this business of war with the knowledge of the purpose for which it is being done.

Rumors were current to-day about the probable enlargement of Camp Lee, information being to the effect that the government was preparing to spend another million dollars on the camp. There was no indication as to what these extra camp accommodations were going to be used for—whether to provide additional parade grounds and other space for the activities of the troops already planned to be sent here, or whether the cantonment would be enlarged to accommodate an additional number of men.

Nothing could be obtained that would throw any light on the accuracy of the reports, but it seems they are pretty well circulated, and many are willing to give credence to them. It is believed that the government will shortly build a rifle range here for instructing the men in target practice, but just in what section it will be prepared is not stated.

When Camp Lee was constructed, it was declared that the ground on which the government had secured options was sufficient for the training of the men to be sent here, and unless it is the intention of the War Department to give the men more advanced instruction in the science of warfare, (Continued on Fourth Page.)

To Camp McClellan, Annapolis, Md.—SOUTHERN RAILWAY SYSTEM only direct line. Leave Richmond 6 P. M., arrive Annapolis 11 P. M. daily. Best service to other camps and cantonments South.—Adv.

MEANS IN EMPLOY OF GERMAN ENVOY

District Attorney Says He Admitted Receipt of \$200,000 From Von Papen.

MURDER PLOT IS REVEALED

Evidence Shows Preparation for Killing of Mrs. King and Motive for Crime.

NEW YORK, September 15.—Gaston B. Means, confidential business adviser of Mrs. Maude A. King, who mysteriously met her death at Concord, N. C., admitted the receipt of \$200,000 for services rendered to the German government, according to District Attorney Swann to-night. The evidence, it is said, showed that this money was paid to Means by Captain Franz von Papen, whose recall to Germany was demanded by the United States. Von Papen was military attaché at the German embassy in Washington.

Beyond admitting that the witness who supplied this information is a New York business man of prominence, and a former visitor upon Mrs. King, the district attorney declined to discuss the matter. Assistant District Attorney Dooling was not so reticent. "We have a witness," he said to-night, "who overheard Gaston Means while in New York a few weeks ago state that he had made over \$100,000 last year, intimating that it came from the German government. He displayed a huge roll of bills, which the witness described as sufficient to 'choke a horse.' And Means had great difficulty in finding any bill as small as \$100 in denomination. After the Anconia was sunk, Means boasted to a man in New York, indicating he knew she was sunk by an internal explosion."

BROTHER NOT ALLOWED TO SHIP FURNITURE

The district attorney refused permission to Afton Means to ship the furniture from Gaston Means's apartments to North Carolina. He agreed that the furniture might be stored within the jurisdiction of the prosecutor.

Detectives from the district attorney's staff visited the storeroom of the building at 1155 Park Avenue, where the three apartments of Mrs. King, Mrs. Melvin and Gaston B. Means were located. They found there a large painting of Kaiser Wilhelm, presented to Means by Captain Boy-Ed.

It was apparent to-day that an active defense is being prepared for Gaston Means. A well-known agency has detectives at work in his behalf here. George Gordon Battle, retained by Afton Means, will take over the affairs of Gaston B. Means on Monday.

Visits of Mrs. King to places alleged to be prominent gambling houses in New York, where she was conducted by Gaston Means, were revealed to the district attorney to-day.

"We have one item showing that Mrs. King lost \$50,000 in this gambling," said the prosecutor. "She invariably lost. Of course, we do not know that these were actual gambling houses, but she was led to believe that they were."

PLOT HATCHED IN NEW YORK, SAYS DISTRICT ATTORNEY

District Attorney Swann announced this afternoon that he now has positive information that the plot for the murder of Mrs. Maude A. King at Concord, N. C., was hatched in New York. He stated further the evidence showed not only that preparation for the crime was made here, but revealed the motive.

Asked what the motive disclosed, the prosecutor replied: "Well, it could be one of several. It could be for the covering of an embezzlement, a desire to get more money from some one, or it could have been to hide the forgery of a will."

Judge Swann said he was ready to forward important papers to Solicitor Clement in North Carolina. If the latter asks it, Judge Swann said he would dispatch Assistant District Attorney Dooling to Concord to aid in the handling of the inquiry into Mrs. King's death.

Should the North Carolina prosecutor regard another examination of Mrs. King's body necessary, District Attorney Swann said he would be glad to have it done by Dr. Schultz, of his office, "the most experienced man in that line in the United States."

Martin Van Buren, who is representing P. G. McDuffie, counsel for Mrs. King's mother, to-day gave out a long statement on the case. He declared he has found a vault in a bank in this city belonging to Mrs. King which he hopes to have opened by a court order.

Van Buren also stated that he has discovered that Mrs. King was separated from an Italian she desired to marry by a "man very close to her." Later this same man represented the Italian to the wealthy widow as an adventurer, whose sole purpose was to get her money.

INTRODUCED TO MRS. KING BY HER SISTER, MRS. MELVIN
According to Van Buren, he has information that Gaston B. Means was first introduced to Mrs. King by her sister, Mrs. Melvin, who previously had known Means's wife. This was before Means became associated with the Burns Detective Agency.

Heretofore it has been the understanding that Means first met Mrs. King after he had been associated with the Burns Agency.

Among the effects taken from the room of Gaston B. Means here, representatives of the district attorney to-day ran across a booklet, entitled "Fundamental Requisites for Success in Life." It was written by Means when he was nineteen years old. (Continued on Second Page.)

Command Units on Way to Camp



COLONEL T. M. WORTHAM, First Virginia Field Artillery. —Photo by Dishlinger & Boice.



CAPTAIN E. P. CONQUEST, Company A, Signal Corps. —Photo by Foster.

RICHMOND BIDS FAREWELL TO TWO FIGHTING UNITS

Artillery Headquarters and Supply Company, Battery F, and Signal Corps Off for Camp.

FRIENDS THROUGH ARMORIES

Chilling Rain Fails to Dampen Enthusiasm of Those Gathered to Bid Adieu to Artillery and Signal Men on Way to Annapolis.

With red fire and cheers, two more contingents of Virginia's sons were bidden Godspeed last night and early this morning as they started on the first stage of their journey to France. The chill wind and the gusts of rain mist that blew intermittently kept down the crowds that gathered at the armories, along the streets and at the Byrd Street Station to catch a last glimpse of brothers, sons, sweethearts and husbands, but even this combination of the elements could not dampen the enthusiasm.

The units to entrain for Camp McClellan, at Annapolis, were the signal corps and the headquarters and supply companies, and Battery F, Rockbridge Artillery, of the First Virginia Regiment, Field Artillery.

Throughout the evening, the Grays' Armory, at Seventh and Marshall Streets, and the Howitzers' Armory, on Eighth Street, rang with the chatter and laughter of friends and relatives, who were spending the last moments for months to come with those near and dear to them. But the laughter was a bit strained, and the attempts at light-heartedness at times seemed a realization of the true meaning of the departure came to both the troops and their families.

FEW TEARS ARE SHED WHEN PARTING TIME COMES

But despite the solemnity of the occasion, there were few tears shed, for it has ever been woman's part to give the men who will fight not only for their country, but for the liberty of the world.

The men of the signal corps were the first to move. Sharp at 11:25 a bugle sounded the preparatory call to the men in the Grays' armory. There followed hurried good-bys, hasty hugs and kisses, and then the civilians were sent from the corridor. Quickly some of them lined up along the sidewalks outside, while others hurried away to be on hand at the entraining point, Virginia Avenue.

Again sounded the bugle. Two platoons of civilians, with red fire, formed at the head of the signal men. Came the command, "Forward, march," and with Captain Edwin P. Conquest at their head, the men, wearing their rubber coats, tramped from the armory.

SIGNAL CORPS CHEERED AS IT MARCHES TO TRAIN

As they passed up Seventh Street the crowds cheered and the cheering grew in volume as they swung into Broad Street, turned east, marched to Ninth, thence down the hill to Main Street, and thence to Virginia Avenue.

Arrived there, no time was lost in entraining. Eight cars composed the train that will carry them to Annapolis, two tourist coaches, two stock cars—for the corps has thirty-two horses—two freight cars, one flat car and one baggage car.

The signal corps has two officers besides Captain Conquest, First Lieutenant Deans Haw and Calvin Ervay. This morning, at Danville, where they are due to arrive at 8:30 o'clock, they will be joined by Battery E, First Virginia Regiment, Field Artillery.

Rations for seven days were in the equipment of the men, although they are scheduled to arrive at Annapolis on Monday about 9 o'clock in the morning. But the boys will not be compelled to subsist on the army rations; that is, if the train is reasonably on time, for their friends and well-wishers loaded them down with goodies, and fruit of all descriptions.

There were more farewells at the train. But these were interrupted by shrill toots from the engine, and promptly at 12:30 the men of the first signal corps to be furnished by Richmond steamed out of the Southern's yards.

ROCKBRIDGE ARTILLERY OFF FOR SERVICE
In the meantime, the men of Battery F, Rockbridge Artillery, were awaiting orders at the Howitzers' Armory. (Continued on Eleventh Page.)

KORNILOFF UNDER ARREST; REVOLT DEFINITELY ENDS

New Cabinet Reported Organized, Satisfactory to All Factions.

PUBLICATION OF NAMES DEFERRED FOR A DAY

Lokomsky, Who Cast His Lot With Rebel Chief, Also in Custody.

THEIR FATE PROBLEMATIC

Slav Army on Riga Front Continues to Play Fighting Spirit, and Makes New Advance.

(By Associated Press.)
Russia's internal situation was considerably clarified by Saturday's news dispatches, which announced the arrest of General Korniloff, marking the definite end of his revolt, and the formation of a new Cabinet at Petrograd. Publication of the names of the new Cabinet members was deferred for a day.

With General Korniloff, who was arrested on the Russian northern front when the revolt started, and who cast his lot with his chief, what the fate of the two men will be is problematical. Opinion in Russia seems widely divergent as to the treatment that should be meted out to them.

The Russian army on the Riga front continues to display a fighting spirit, and has scored new advances. Three additional towns have been occupied by the Russians, one of the occupations following the defeat of the Germans on the road to Pskov.

Germany and Austria have proclaimed the creation of a regency to govern Poland, the two nations retaining joint control of foreign affairs during the period of occupation and of certain other powers of government, not yet made clear.

MILITARY ACTIVITIES ARE AT A MINIMUM FOR SEASON

Military activities on most of the fronts seem at a minimum. The Russian, when active operations are possible, virtually everywhere in the field of hostilities.

Rome's official statement, while reporting a rectification of the Italian lines on the "Bainsizza" Plateau, does not mention particularly the fight for Monte San Gabriele, which height, on Friday, was reported in diplomatic dispatches to Washington to have been captured.

The heavy attack made by the Germans north of Courles Wood on the Verdun front on Friday netted them little advantage. Paris reports on Saturday that they were ejected Friday night from the greater part of the trenches they had occupied. Two surprise attacks launched by troops of the crown prince in the Champagne met with repulse.

On the Flanders front, the British Friday night advanced their lines slightly by attacks east of Westhoek. They held the ground gained during the day near St. Julien in the face of a German counter blow.

MINISTRY SATISFACTORY TO ALL FACTIONS

LONDON, September 15.—Dispatches from Petrograd state that General Alexieff personally arrested Korniloff and supervised the gathering of the other rebel chiefs. Alexieff has telegraphed to the Premier from general army headquarters that he is in complete control of the situation.

An official statement issued to-day described the political crisis as solved by the formation of a new ministry satisfactory to all factions. It is believed that the new Cabinet includes four Constitutional Democrats.

Premier Kerevsky is once more in complete power. The situation at the front and at home is more favorable than it has been in months. The offensive north of Riga is being led by "battalions of death."

KORNILOFF AND LOKOMSKY BOTH UNDER ARREST

(By Associated Press.)
PETROGRAD, September 15.—General Korniloff, leader of the recent rebellion against the provisional government, and General Lokomsky, the commander of the northern front, who refused to take command of the Russian army after Korniloff was deposed, have been arrested.

News of the arrest of General Korniloff was first conveyed in a telegram received by Premier Kerevsky from General Alexieff, the chief of staff. So far only the following details have been received:

"At 10 o'clock last night General Korniloff and General Lokomsky and Romanovsky and Colonel Pleustchewsky-Piuskhan were arrested."

"The members of the commission of inquiry, due at Moshlev last night, and the arrested persons will be given into their hands. Such other officers as the commission selects also will be arrested."

"All the troops at Moshlev are true to the provisional government and recognize my authority."

BRITISH MAKE GAIN ON BELGIAN FRONT

LONDON, September 15.—British troops last night made a slight advance on the Belgian front, east of Westhoek and improved their position, according to the British official statement issued to-day. The statement reads:

"In the course of the night we improved our positions slightly east of Westhoek. A strong party of the enemy yesterday evening attacked the